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St. James's, December 24.

THE following Addreſs and Aſſociation of the Lord Chancellor of Ireland, Chancellor of the Exchequer, Lord Chief Juſtice of the King's Bench, Maſter of the Rolls, Lord Chief Juſtice of the Common Pleas, Lord Chief Baron of the Exchequer, the reſt of the Judges, King's Prime Serjeant, Attorney and Sollicitor General, King's Serjeants, Maſters in Chancery, King's Council, Benchers and Barriſters of the Society of the King's Inns in Dublin, having been tranſmitted by his Excellency the Earl of Cheſterfield, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, to his Grace the Duke of Newcaſtle, one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, has by him been preſented to his Majeſty: Which Addreſs and Aſſociation his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs and Aſſociation of the Lord Chancellor of Ireland, Chancellor of the Exchequer, Lord Chief Juſtice of the King's Bench, Maſter of the Rolls, Lord Chief Juſtice of the Common Pleas, Lord Chief Baron of the Exchequer, the reſt of the Judges, King's Prime Serjeant, Attorney and Sollicitor General, King's Serjeants, Maſters in Chancery, King's Council, Benchers and Barriſters of the Society of the King's Inns in Dublin.

May it pleaſe your Majeſty,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and faithful Subjects, beg Leave, as a Society, to renew to your Majeſty thoſe Aſſurances we have already, ſeparately, given of our inviolable Loyalty and Attachment to your Majeſty's ſacred Perſon and Family, and our Deteſtation and Abhorrence of the preſent infamous and unnatural Rebellion in Great Britain.

Your Majeſty's Subjects, of all Degrees and Conditions in Ireland, have long enjoyed the full Benefit of the Laws, the peaceable Poſſeſſion of their Properties, and a Proſperity unknown in any former Age, under the prudent and happy Conduct, the juſt and mild Adminiſtration of your Majeſty and your Royal Father; and all thoſe of the Proteſtant Religion are convinc'd, that their civil and religious Rights, and all that is dear to them as Men, depend on the Continuance of the preſent happy Eſtabliſhment.

Our Profeſſion furniſhes us with the moſt frequent Opportunities of knowing the infinite Advantages of being govern'd by ſtated Laws, under a Sovereign, who has always made thoſe Laws the Rule of his Government; conſider'd them as the ſure Foundation of his Prerogative, and in no one Inſtance exerted that Prerogative, but for the Benefit of his Subjects.

We, therefore, beg Leave to aſſure your Majeſty, that we ſhall, as far as our Influence and Example can extend, excite in all your Subjects of Ireland, a Zeal for your Majeſty's Service, becoming the preſent important Occaſion.

The Miſery to which all Ranks of Perſons in this Kingdom, even thoſe of the popiſh Religion, were reduced by the Rebellion in 1688, (the Conſequences of which are yet felt amongſt us) cannot but animate us to do every Thing in our Power to prevent and ſuppreſs all Diſturbances in Ireland; and we do ſolemnly and zealouſly aſſociate and unite ourſelves in the Defence of your Majeſty's ſacred Perſon and Government, and the Proteſtant Succeſſion eſtabliſhed in your Royal Houſe; the Preſervation of which can alone ſecure and perpetuate thoſe Bleſſings which we now enjoy, and that Liberty which we are determin'd not to give up, but with our Lives.

The

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Recorder, Jurats, Bailiffs and Burgeſſes of Queenborough, in the County of Kent, has been preſented to his Majeſty by Richard Evans and Thomas Newnham, Eſqrs. their Repreſentatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Lord of the Bed-Chamber in Wating: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Recorder, Jurats, Bailiffs and Burgeſſes of Queenborough in the County of Kent.

May it pleaſe your Majeſty,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Recorder, Jurats, Bailiffs and Burgeſſes of this ancient Corporation, moſt humbly beg Leave to expreſs our Abhorrence of the preſent wicked and unnatural Rebellion againſt your Majeſty's ſacred Perſon and Government; and to aſſure your Majeſty, that we are ready to exert ourſelves, to the utmoſt of our Power, and with our Lives, towards the Support of your Majeſty's juſt and rightful Title to the Crown of theſe Realms, in Oppoſition to the Pretender, and all his Abettors foreign and domeſtick. And we do, with the higheſt Senſe of Duty and Gratitude, acknowledge and declare ourſelves fully convinced, that the Proteſtant Religion, together with the Laws and Liberties of this Country, ſo dear to every true Briton, can be only ſafe and ſecured to us, and our Poſterity, under your Majeſty's long and auſpicious Reign, and by a laſting Succeſſion of Princes of the illuſtrious Houſe of Hanover, which God grant.

Given under our Corporation Seal, the 29th Day of November, in the Year of our Lord 1745.

The following Addreſs of the States of the Iſland of Jerſey, has been preſented to his Majeſty by Charles L'Empriere, Eſq; his Majeſty's Advocate General in the Iſland of Jerſey, and Deputy of the States of the ſaid Iſland, being introduced by the Right Hon. the Earl Cowper, one of the Lords of his Majeſty's Bedchamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the States of your Majeſty's Iſland of Jerſey.

May it pleaſe your Majeſty,

WE your Majeſty's loyal Subjects, the States of the Iſland of Jerſey, moſt humbly beg Leave to expreſs our Joy on your Majeſty's ſafe Return to your Britiſh Dominions, after your Cares and Fatigues for maintaining the Liberties of Europe.

—— alſo to congratulate your Majeſty on the important Conqueſt of Cape Breton, whereby an agreeable Proſpect opens to your Majeſty's Subjects, in the Increaſe of your Maritime Power, and of their Trade and Navigation.

—— and farther on the late happy Birth of a Prince, an additional Security to the Proteſtant Succeſſion in your Royal Houſe, and therein to the Happineſs of your People, in the full and free Enjoyment of their Religious and Civil Rights.

Such is that Happineſs, that whoever that partakes of it, looks upon the Rebellion raiſed and carried on againſt your Majeſty's Perſon and Government by a popiſh Pretender and his Adherents, (a Scheme ſo manifeſtly tending to change our Liberty into Slavery both in Church and State) muſt be filled with Indignation and Amazement at ſo daring an Attempt, eſpecially we of this Iſland, where there is not a ſingle Perſon diſaffected to your Majeſty.

With a juſt and grateful Senſe of our high Obligations to your Majeſty, under whoſe auſpicious Reign we continue to enjoy the ſpecial Privileges granted us by your Royal Predeceſſors, we aſſure your Majeſty, that we will ever reſolutely and zealouſly join in Support of your Majeſty's Government, and in the Defence of this Iſland, againſt all Attempts of your Majeſty's Enemies.

So praying Almighty God for your Majeſty's long and happy Reign over us, and for the utter Diſappointment of the Deſigns of your Majeſty's Enemies, we are, as in Duty bound,

May it pleaſe your Majeſty,

Your Majeſty's

moſt dutiful

From your Majeſty's Iſland of Jerſey, Nov. 13, 1745. and moſt loyal Subjects.

The following Addreſs of the Provoſt, Burgeſſes, Freemen, and Inhabitants of the Corporation of Inniskillin, having been tranſmitted by his Excellency the Earl of Cheſterfield, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, to his Grace the Duke of Newcaſtle, one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, has by him been preſented to his Majeſty: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

Corporation of Inniskillin.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty.

WE your Majeſty's moſt loyal and dutiful Subjects, the Provoſt, Burgeſſes, Freemen, and Inhabitants of the Corporation of Inniskillin,

lin, do beg Leave to congratulate your Majeſty's ſafe and ſeaſonable Return to your Kingdoms, and to aſſure your Majeſty of our Abhorrence and Deteſtation of the unnatural Rebellion now raiſed againſt your moſt gracious Majeſty, in Favour of a popiſh abjur'd Pretender, to ſubvert our preſent happy Eſtabliſhment under your Majeſty's mild Adminiſtration, and deprive us of our Religious and Civil Liberties.

And to aſſure your Majeſty, that as our Anceſtors were the firſt that diſtinguiſhed themſelves in the Defence of the Religion, Laws and Liberties of their Country, under the Great King William of Glorious Memory; ſo we with the ſame Spirit and Reſolution will be ready to purſue the moſt vigorous Meaſures to ſupport your Majeſty's juſt Title to the Crown of theſe Kingdoms, and defeat the Attempts of thoſe who are Enemies to our happy Conſtitution.

And we muſt beg Leave alſo gratefully to acknowledge, that as your Majeſty, throughout the whole Courſe of your Reign, has made the Welfare of your People the chief Aim and End of all your Actions; ſo your Fatherly Care of us is now particularly ſhewn in the Choice you have made of the Earl of Cheſterfield to be our Governor, whoſe great Abilities and diſtinguiſhed Zeal for your Majeſty and his Country, makes us juſtly hope for a Bleſſing on his Adminiſtration. May your Majeſty's Arms be ſucceſsful; may you and your Royal Progeny be happy in the Love and Obedience of a loyal People, and in the quiet Poſſeſſion of theſe Dominions.

As this is our hearty Prayer, ſo at the Expence of all that is valuable to us we ſhall, according to our Duty and Station, always endeavour to promote it.

October 11, 1745.

The following Addreſs of the Noblemen, Freeholders and Proprietors of the County of Ayr, has been preſented to his Majeſty by Patrick Crawfurd, Eſq; their Repreſentative in Parliament, being introduced by the Right Hon. the Earl Cowper, one of the Lords of his Majeſty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Noblemen, Freeholders and Proprietors of the County of Ayr.

May it pleaſe your Majeſty,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and faithful Subjects, take this Opportunity to teſtify and declare our ſincere and zealous Attachment to your Majeſty's Perſon and Government, and the Proteſtant Succeſſion ſettled in your Royal Family; for the Support of which our Lives and Fortunes ever have been, and ever ſhall be, at Command.

As we have always been and are firmly perſuaded, that we can never enjoy the valuable Bleſſings of our Religion and Liberty, but under the Government of your Auguſt Family; ſo we utterly deteſt and abhor all Attempts to diſturb the ſame.

We are perſuaded, that the preſent unnatural Rebellion, fomented and carried on by a popiſh Pretender, requires our utmoſt Diligence and Care to contribute what lies in our Power to ſuppreſs the ſame: And we beg Leave to aſſure your Majeſty, that we ſhall be ever ready to venture our Lives, and employ our Fortunes, for the Defence of your Majeſty's Perſon and Government, and the Laws and Conſtitution of Great Britain.

Signed at the Deſire, and in Preſence of the Meeting,

Caſſillis.

Petersbourg, Nov. 30. On Monday laſt the 25th Inſtant, which was the Day of her Imperial Majeſty's Acceſſion to the Throne, her Majeſty received the Compliments of all the Foreign Miniſters in the Forenoon, and in the Evening the three Ambaſſadors only were invited to ſee the Ceremony of the Company of Life-Guards, who were drawn up four deep in the Gallery, and ranking off one by one, had the Honour to kiſs the Empreſs's Hand. Her Majeſty was dreſſed in the Uniform of the Company, with Boots, a Saſh, and Cap with white Plumes; her Majeſty marched at the Head of the Company into the Great Hall, where the whole Company, conſiſting of upwards of 400 Men, had the Honour to ſup with her, and the Ambaſſadors were invited to ſup in the next Room with the Great Duke and Dutcheſs. This Day being St. Andrew's Day, the Knights of that Order were at Court in their Robes and Collars, and had the Honour to dine with her Majeſty; and at Night there will be a Ball.

Stockholm, Dec. 3, *O. S.* M. Breddal arrived here a few Days ago from Petersbourg, to notify to this Court the Concluſion of the Marriage between the Great Duke and the Princeſs of Anhalt Zerbſt.

Copenhagen, Dec. 21, *N. S.* The King of Denmark does not yet appear in Publick, tho' his Majeſty, it is ſaid, is now ſo far recovered as to keep his Chamber rather by Way of Precaution, (the Weather being grown very cold) than by Reaſon of any actual Illneſs.

Berlin, Dec. 21, *N. S.* The News of the Surrender of the City of Dreſden was brought here the 19th Inſtant, at 10 in the Morning, by

by one of the King of Pruſſia's Aid de Camps, the Marquis de la Varenne, who was preceded by 24 Poſtilions blowing their Horns. The Day before the Action happened, two Pruſſian Regiments of Dragoons, viz. thoſe of Roel and Bonin, were ſurpriſed by the Oulans, and almoſt entirely cut to Pieces, both Generals being killed, and ſeveral Colours taken. In the Engagement of the Day following the Saxons are ſaid to have behaved extremely well, eſpecially Rutowski's Regiment of Horſe-Grenadiers, which routed the Pruſſian Grenadiers, and briskly attacked the Regiment of Anhalt, but was entirely broken after the Prince of Anhalt put himſelf at the Head of his own Regiment. It is poſitively aſſured, that this Regiment, conſiſting of three Battalions, has but 700 Men left; likewiſe that the Regiments of Polentz, Prince of Pruſſia, Hertzberg, and ſome more, have extremely ſuffered. General Hertzberg is killed, and General Polentz is wounded by a Shot through the Body; but Prince Maurice of Anhalt, who was thought loſt, has been found again. What Priſoners we have made is not yet certain. The combined Army of Auſtrians and Saxons is retired into Bohemia. Great Preparations are making here for the Reception of his Pruſſian Majeſty, who is expected in Town To-morrow.

Dreſden, Dec. 25, *N. S.* M. Vaugrenant, the French Miniſter at this Court, only waits for the Return of his Poliſh Majeſty hither, to preſent his Letters of Revocation. The King of Pruſſia ſets out the 27th early in the Morning for Berlin.

Hambourg, Dec. 21; *N. S.* Large Sums are negociating upon the Exchange here towards putting the Magiſtrates of Leipſick in a Condition of furniſhing their Contribution to the Pruſſians. The Duke Adminiſtrator of Mecklemburgh has been here ſome few Days. The Marriage of the Duke's eldeſt Son with a Princeſs of Wirtemberg, the moſt conſiderable Fortune in all Germany, is agreed on.

Hambourg, Dec. 24, *N. S.* Our Accounts received from Leipſick cauſe the greateſt Conſternation here, as the Trading Inhabitants of this City will be greatly affected by the Diſtreſs and Ruin in which their Correſpondents there are moſt unhappily involved. The immediate Payment of the Contributions which the Pruſſians Demand is inſiſted upon. All Trade is ſtagnated, and all the Shops ſhut up. In the late Action of the 15th, Count Rutowski commanded the Saxons, and not the Duke of Weiſſenfels, but his Highneſs was preſent in the Engagement as a Volunteer, had a Horſe killed under him, and ſeveral Perſons fell by his Side.

Antwerp, Dec. 27. The remaining 18 Squadrons of the Britiſh Troops are marched towards Willemſtadt. The Prince of Waldeck has ordered Four Battalions into Bruſſels and Two into Mechlin, and Three Battalions of Price's Regiment are marched from Bruſſels, and One Battalion from the Regiment at Mons are marched towards Luxembourg. By the laſt Accounts from Ghent, 2000 Men were to have marched the 21ſt from thence to Dunkirk. We have juſt received Advice from Count Chanclos at Bruſſels, that the Enemy are making great Preparations at Ghent, and deſign to make ſome Attempt, having brought in there ſeveral empty Waggons, and ſome Horſes to draw the Artillery; and according to Intelligence from Ghent Three Days ago, they had ſent from the Dominicans at Ghent, 250 Waggons loaded with Biſcuit to Dunkirk, where by all Accounts they are preparing for a conſiderable Embarkation.

Hague, Dec. 30. By an Expreſs arrived here To-day from Mons, every Thing in thoſe Parts continued alert, but no Blow had been ſtruck, nor could it yet be gueſſed with any Certainty where it would fall.

Penrith, Dec. 20. The Rebels having carried off their Killed and Wounded, when they were driven out of the Village of Clifton by the King's Forces, it has not been poſſible to aſcertain their Loſs; but ſince that Affair about Seventy of their People have been taken Priſoners.

Of the King's Forces, the Regiment that ſuffer'd the moſt, was his Majeſty's own Regiment of Dragoons, ſome Officers of which being wounded, the Rebels cried, *no Quarter*, — *Murder them.* — And they received ſeveral Wounds after they were down.

About Ten o'Clock on Wedneſday Night, that Corps of the Rebels which was at Penrith, and had order'd their Cannon and Baggage to advance during the Skirmiſh, retired with the utmoſt Precipitation to Carliſle, where they arrived Yeſterday Morning about Ten. It was ſo dark, and the Country ſo cover'd, that it was not poſſible to purſue them that Night, and the Troops being fatigued with the forc'd Marches they had made through very bad Roads, they halted at Penrith Yeſterday, and were join'd laſt Night by the greateſt Part of the Foot, and by the Remainder this Morning.

By the beſt Accounts the Rebels are ſtill at Carliſle, but it is thought their Intention is to go off To-morrow, if the Rivers and Floods will permit them. If they continue there, his Royal Highneſs propoſes to inveſt the Town To-morrow with the Troops now here, and the Detachment from Marſhal Wade's Army, and a Train of Battering Cannon from Whitehaven, which is to be To-day at Cockermouth,

mouth, and has Orders to move with the whole Poſſe Comitatus, which will be aſſembled To-morrow at Wigtoun.

Dublin, December 17.

A French Weſt-India Ship, worth 15000 l. was brought into Cork Yeſterday.

Newcaſtle, December 21.

Marſhal Wade arrived here Yeſterday, and gave Orders for the immediate March of One Thouſand Foot, and Fifty Horſe, to join his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland in the Neighbourhood of Carliſle. Thoſe Troops marched accordingly from hence this Morning, and will be To-morrow Night at Haltweſel.

Whitehall, December 22.

This Day arrived a Courier from Dreſden, with Letters from the Honourable Thomas Villiers, Eſq; his Majeſty's Miniſter Plenipotentiary at the Court of Saxony, giving an Account, that on the 25th Inſtant, N. S. Two Treaties of Peace were ſign'd there, under his Majeſty's Mediation, by the reſpective Plenipotentiaries, viz. One between the Empreſs Queen of Hungary, and the King of Pruſſia; and the other between his Pruſſian Majeſty, and the King of Poland Elector of Saxony.

Whitehall, December 24.

The King has been pleaſed to conſtitute and appoint, his Grace Charles Duke of Bolton, to be Lieutenant General of His Majeſty's Forces,

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Companies of his Majeſty's Ships under-mentioned, who were at the taking the following French Prizes, viz.

Pallas,
Marie Margueute,
St. Anne,
Amiable Jenne,
Mercurie,
Gracieuſe,
And
Diana Privateer.

Alſo,

Ann Snow,
Aurora,
Friendſhip,
Hambro's Prize,
} *Retaken Ships.*

That they will be paid their reſpective Shares for ſuch of the above Prizes as they are intitled to, at the following Times and Places, viz.

Captain, *the 6th of January, on board the Ship at Portſmouth, or, if ſail'd, at the Crown Tavern behind the Royal Exchange.*

Louiſa,
Monmouth,
} *the 10th of January on board the Ships in the Downs, or, if ſail'd, at the ſaid Tavern.*

Lenox,
Defiance,
Taviſtock,
} *the 15th of January at the ſaid Tavern.*

Hampton Court,
Prince Fredrick,
Edinburgh,
} *the 4th of February on board the Ships at Plymouth, if returned from their Cruize, or at the Fountain Tavern in Plymouth.*

N. B. The Recalls will be the firſt Thurſday in every Month, beginning in February, at the Crown Tavern aforeſaid. If any of the Ships ſhould ſail before the above Times of Payment from the ſaid Ports, and arrive either at Portſmouth and Plymouth, Notice will be given, and the Payments made on board there.

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Company of his Majeſty's Ship Kinſale, that were preſent at the taking a French Prize called the St. Pierre, that they may receive their ſeveral Shares of the ſaid Prize at Mr. Jaſper's Office, on Tower Hill, on Tueſday the 21ſt of January next, by which Time 'tis expected the proper Liſt will be examin'd and certified; and that ſuch Shares as are not then demanded, will be paid at the ſame Place on the firſt Friday of every Month for three Years to come.

December 21, 1745.

Notice is hereby given, that a General Meeting of the Truſtees for the River LEE will be held by Adjournment at the Queen's Head Tavern in Holbourn, in the County of Middleſex, on Wedneſday the 8th Day of January next, at Ten in the Morning.

B. Toller, *Clerk to the Truſtees.*

General Poſt-Office, London, Nov. 12, 1745.

Whereas a Number of Pacquet Boats have been, for ſome Time paſt, appointed, and are now almoſt prepared to take on board of them His Majeſty's Mails of Letters and Packets for the Weſt-Indies;

Publick Notice is hereby given to all Merchants, and all others in general whom it may concern, That all Letters and Packets for the Iſlands of Jamaica, Barbadoes, Antegoa, Montſerrat, Nevis, and St. Chriſtophers, will, for the Time to come, be taken in and received, at this Office, upon the Tueſday, Thurſday and Saturday of every Week of the Year throughout, upon their being paid for after the Rates ſettled by Act of Parliament, viz.

	s.	d.
For a Single Letter,	1	6
A Double Letter,	3	0
A Treble Letter,	4	6
An Ounce,	6	0

And farther Notice is hereby given, That the Mails to contain the Bags of Letters, for the ſeveral Iſlands above, will be conſtantly made up at this Office, upon the laſt Saturday of every Month of the Year, to commence the laſt Saturday of this preſent Month, in order to be forwarded by the Poſt of that Night to Falmouth, where the ſaid Pacquets are to be ſtationed, and from whence they are, in Turn, to ſail for the Weſt-Indies as aforeſaid, Wind and Weather permitting, upon the Thurſday next after the laſt Saturday of every Month of the Year.

Letters or Packets for the Weſt-Indies will be taken in at the ſeveral Receiving-Houſes in Town, and Poſt-Houſes in the Country.

N. B. The full Port or Poſtage of the above Letters and Package muſt be paid into this Office, at the Time

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of Delivery, or they will not be forwarded from hence.

The ſame is to be underſtood of ſuch of them as are or may be put into Receiving-Houſes in Town, or Offices in the Country.

The Inland-Poſtage to London muſt be alſo paid for all Weſt India Letters from the Country, or they will not be forwarded.

By Command of the Poſt Maſter-General,
George Shelvocke, *Secretary.*

General Poſt Office, London, Nov. 12, 1745.

Whereas by an Act of Parliament paſſed in the Ninth Year of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen Anne, *intitled,* An Act for eſtabliſhing a General Poſt-Office for all her Majeſty's Dominions, and for ſettling a Weekly Sum out of the Revenues thereof for the Service of the War, and other her Majeſty's Occaſions, *It is (amongſt other Things) enacted to the Purport and Effect following:* That there ſhall be one General Poſt-Office eſtabliſhed within the City of London, and one Maſter of the ſaid General Poſt-Office ſhall from time to time be appointed by her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, by Letters Patents under the Great Seal of Great Britain, by the Stile of her Majeſty's Poſtmaſter General; which ſaid Maſter, and his Deputies, and their Servants and Agents, and no other, ſhould have the Receiving, Carrying, and Delivering of Letters and Packets, to and from all Places in Great Britain and Ireland, North America, the Weſt-Indies, and other her Majeſty's Dominions, (except as in the ſaid Act is excepted;) And that no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, or Body Politick or Corporate, in any Part of the ſaid Kingdoms, Plantations and Colonies in the Weſt-Indies and America, other than ſuch Poſtmaſter-General appointed as aforeſaid, and his Deputy or Deputies, or Aſſigns, ſhould preſume to receive, take up, order, diſpatch, convey, carry, recarry, or deliver any Letter or Letters, Packet or Packets of Letters (other than as in the ſaid Act is excepted) or make any Collection of Letters, or ſet up or employ any Foot-Poſt, Horſe-Poſt, or Packet-Boat, or other Veſſel or Boat, or other Perſon or Perſons, Conveyance or Conveyances whatſoever, for the receiving, taking up, ordering, diſpatching, conveying, carrying, recarrying, or delivering any Letter or Letters, Packet or Packets of Letters, by Sea or Land, or on any River within her Majeſty's Dominions (other than as in the ſaid Act is excepted) on Pain of forfeiting Five Pounds of Britiſh Money for every ſeveral Offence, and alſo the Sum of a Hundred Pounds of like Money, for every Week that any Offender ſhall continue to act againſt the Tenor of the ſaid Statute.

And whereas, his Majeſty's Poſtmaſter General *have ſettled and eſtabliſhed* Packet-Boats, *to carry, recarry, and convey, Letters and Packets to and from* England, *to and from the Iſlands of* Jamaica, Barbadoes, Antegoa, Monſerrat, Nevis, *and* St. Chriſtopher's, in America;

This publick Notice is hereby given thereof, to warn all Perſons whatſoever from preſuming to take upon them to act contrary to the Intent *and* true Meaning *of the ſaid* Statute, *and from preſuming, under any* Colour *or* Pretence *whatſoever, to* collect, receive, take up, order, diſpatch, convey, carry, recarry, *or* deliver *any* Letter *or* Letters, Packet *or* Packets *of* Letters, *(except as in and by the ſaid* Act *is excepted) that for the future may be directed to, or come from any of the Iſlands above-mentioned (without a lawful* Authority *firſt had and obtained from his* Majeſty's Poſtmaſter General *for that Purpoſe) as they would avoid ſuch Proſecutions as may and muſt enſue for the* Recovery *of ſuch* Penalties *as are inflicted by the ſaid* Act *for all and every Offence or Offences above ſpecified and recited.*

By Command of the Poſtmaſter-General,
George Shelvocke, *Secretary.*

Navy-Office, Dec. 20, 1745.

As the Paſſing the Accounts of the Right Honourable Mr. Clutterbuck, and Sir Charles Wager, late Treaſurers of his Majeſty's Navy; as likewiſe the Accounts of William Corbett, Eſq; are carrying on at this Office with all the Expedition that may be, it is recommended to ſuch Perſons as have had Bills aſſigned upon them by the Navy Board, and have not received their Money for the ſaid Bills, forthwith to call for the ſame; and all Perſons who have any Impreſts ſtanding out againſt them, and have not any Bills or Accounts in this Office to clear the ſaid Impreſts, are deſired forthwith to bring in their Bills or Accounts to diſcharge them, that ſo the ſaid Impreſts may not be brought to Account, and returned into the Exchequer, as otherwiſe they will be: And ſuch Perſons as have paſſed their Accounts, and have not taken up their Impreſts, are required to carry their Perfect Bills to the late Treaſurers Office, and to take up their Impreſts.

Advertiſements.

This Day was publiſhed,
The TENTH EDITION,
Illuſtrated with Cuts, and continued down to the End of the Year 1740, *by an impartial Hand,*

MEDULLA HISTORIÆ ANGLICANÆ: The ancient and preſent State of England; being a compendious Hiſtory of all its Monarchs from the Time of Julius Cæſar.

Written by Dr. HOWELL.

Biſhop Nicholſon, in his Engliſh Hiſtorical Library, ſpeaking of this Work, Page 74, gives it the following Character:

"*Although it be only a very conciſe Epitome of our Hiſtory, it* "*is done with that great Judgment, that it deſerves a Place* "*among the beſt of our Writers on this Subject.*"

Printed for W. Innys, A. Ward, J. and P. Knapton, S. Birt, T. Longman, D. Brown, C. Hitch, S. Auſten, J. Hodges, J. Rivington, and M. Cooper.

Navy-

Navy-Office, Dec. 20. 1745.

The Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Navy hereby give Notice, that on Monday the 13th of January they will begin to recall, at the Pay Office in Broadſtreet, the Ships Books paid by the Right Honourable Mr. Clutterbuck and Sir Charles Wager, late Treaſurers of his Majeſty's Navy; as alſo thoſe paid by William Corbett, Eſq; and will continue the ſame from Week to Week till all Claims ſhall be ſatisfied; they therefore deſire all Perſons who have Demands on the ſaid Gentlemen, will forthwith apply for the ſame, that the ſaid Pay Books may be cloſed as ſoon as poſſible.

THERE will be peremptorily Sold, purſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, on Monday the 27th Day of January next, at Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon, before Francis Eld, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chamber in Symond's Inn in Chancery-Lane, London, The Freehold Eſtates of Simon Oliver, late of Sherborne in the County of Dorſet, Mercer, deceaſed; conſiſting of two Meſſuages in Newland within the Borough of Sherborne aforeſaid, and three Acres and an Half of Land in Sherborne Common Field; and alſo of one fourth Part of ſeveral Eſtates in the Pariſhes of Fifehead Nevill, Fifehead Quinton, Belchalwell and Iberton in the ſaid County of Dorſet. Particulars of all which may be had at the ſaid Maſter's aforeſaid Chamber.

PUrſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors of Thomas Langley, late of the Precinct of St. Catherine near the Tower, London, Gent. deceaſed, are to come before Robert Holford, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Symond's Inn in Chancery-Lane, and prove their reſpective Debts, on or before the 23d of January next, or in Default thereof, they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Decree.

TO be ſold, purſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before William Spicer, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, Several Freehold Meſſuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, ſituate in the ſeveral Pariſhes of Aſtley, Bedworth, Arley, Pinley, King's Norton and Chellaſton, in the ſeveral Counties of Warwick, Worceſter and Derby, of the yearly Value of 387 l. late the Eſtate of Thomas Bayly, Eſq; deceaſed. Particulars whereof may be had at the ſaid Maſter's Chambers in Lincoln's Inn.

THE Executors of Edward Kinſey Atkyns, late of London, Merchant, deceaſed, deſire his Creditors to ſend Accounts of their Demands to Mr. Cole in Baſinghall-ſtreet, London, on or before the 29th of January next; and the Creditors are deſired to meet the Executors at the Crown Tavern in Threadneedle-ſtreet, on Wedneſday the 5th of February next, at Four in the Afternoon; and ſuch Perſons as cannot attend, are deſired to ſend Letters of Attorney to their Correſpondents in London, to receive their Dividends, and execute proper Diſcharges for the ſame, and to conſent to ſuch Things as ſhall be agreed on by the Majority of the Creditors preſent at ſuch Meeting.

N. B. The Form of the proper Diſcharges and Letters of Attorney may be peruſed at the ſaid Mr. Cole's in the mean Time; and the ſaid Creditors are deſired to take Notice, that ſuch of them as do not ſend in their Accounts by the Time above-mentioned, will be excluded from any Dividend of the ſaid Mr. Atkyns's Eſtate.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt John Aldrich, of Yoxford, in the County of Suffolk, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 15th of January next, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to do the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt Daniel Webb, of Princeſs-ſtreet, London, Merchant, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 4th and 15th of January next, and on 4th of February following, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, on each of the ſaid Days, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the ſecond Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt Richard Green and Norton Amber, of the Strand in the County of Middleſex, Goldſmiths and Bankers and Partners, and they being declared Bankrupts, are hereby required to ſurrender themſelves to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 7th and 15th of January next, and on the 4th of February following, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon on each of the ſaid Days, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of their Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Firſt Sitting to aſſent to the Aſſignment already made, or chuſe an Aſſignee or Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupts are required to finiſh their Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of their Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupts, or that have any of their Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Brown, Attorney, in Bucklersbury, London.

WHereas the acting Commiſſioners in the Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded againſt Henry Wallbanck, now or late of the Pariſh of St. James Clerkenwell in the County of Middleſex, Dealer and Chapman, have certified to the Rt. Hon. Philip Lord Hardwicke, Baron of Hardwicke, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the ſaid Henry Wallbanck hath in all Things conformed himſelf according to the Directions of the ſeveral Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts: This is to give Notice, That by Virtue of an Act paſſed in the Fifth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the ſaid Act directs, unleſs Cauſe be ſhewn to the contrary on or before the 25th of January next.

Printed by *Edward Owen* in *Amen-Corner*. 1745.

The London Gazette

EXTRAORDINARY.

Published by Authority.

THURSDAY, *December* 26, 1745.

Whitehall, December 26.

LETTERS received Yeſterday by Expreſs from Blichall near Carliſle, give an Account, That upon the March from Penrith thither, his Royal Highneſs the Duke had received the News of the Rebel Army having quitted that Place, and left in it only 3 or 400 Men, who, according to the beſt Intelligence, conſiſted chiefly of their Engliſh Recruits, and Gordon of Glenbucket's Men, commanded by one Hamilton. The King's Forces arrived within Sight of the Town the 21ſt about Noon, and Major General Bland had inveſted it on the Scotch Side with St. George's Dragoons, and 300 Men of Bligh's Regiment, with Orders to prevent any Paſſage over the Bridge upon the River Eden, which leads directly to the Scotch Gate. Major Adams with 200 Foot was poſted in the Suburbs of the Engliſh Gate, to prevent any of the Garriſon's eſcaping that Way; Major Meirac at the Iriſh Gate with the ſame Orders, and Sir Andrew Agnew at the Sally Port with 300. All the Horſe, and the Foot Guards, were canton'd round the Town, at a Mile or two Diſtance. The Rebels who were left, made a Shew of intending to defend the Place, firing their Cannon upon every body who appeared in Sight of it. The Artillery from Whitehaven was expected to arrive in a Day or two at the Army, and it was propoſed to have a Battery erected by the Morning of the 24th, after which it was not doubted but his Royal Highneſs would be Maſter of the Town in Twenty four Hours, in which he intended to leave a ſufficient Garriſon. The Rebels left their Cannon behind them in Carliſle, excepting three Pieces; and Major General Bland had taken 16 Carts laden with their Tents.

[Price Two-Pence.]

Printed by *E. Owen*, in *Amen-Corner*. 1745.